

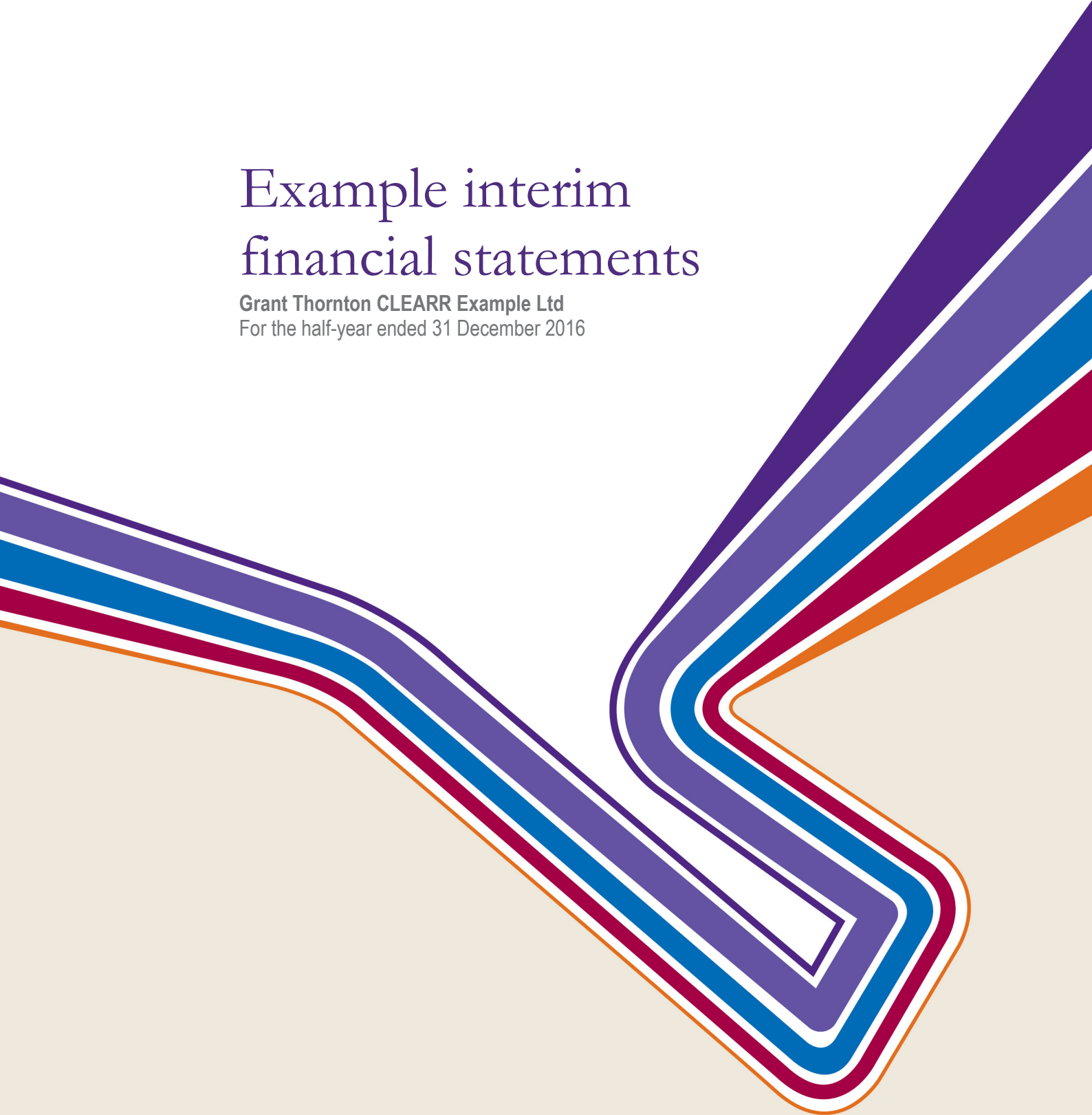


Grant Thornton

An instinct for growth™

Example interim financial statements

Grant Thornton CLEARR Example Ltd
For the half-year ended 31 December 2016



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Foreword

Welcome to the December 2016 edition of the listed public example financial statements. This set of illustrative financial statements is one of many prepared by Grant Thornton to assist you in preparing your own financial statements.

This publication is designed to illustrate the condensed interim financial statements for a listed public company in line with Australian financial reporting and regulatory requirements. It is based on the activities and results of a fictitious ASX listed IT entity, Grant Thornton CLEARR Example Ltd, which prepares Australian general purpose financial statements.

The Australian financial reporting landscape continues to evolve as a result of changing expectations from investors, regulators and the government. On the one hand, there are increased calls from investors for cutting the disclosure clutter in financial statements and tailoring financial statements to better tell the story. However, on the other hand the accounting standard setters are requiring additional disclosures including those in the new accounting standards (namely leases, revenue and financial instruments). All this increases the burden on preparers and auditors of financial statements as they need to make a conscious effort to tailor their disclosures and reduce unnecessary clutter while ensuring the financial statements tell their story clearly, concisely and authentically and comply with accounting standards.

Our objective in preparing the example financial statements was to illustrate one possible approach to financial reporting by an entity engaging in transactions that are ‘typical’ across a range of non-specialist sectors. However, as with any example, this illustration does not envisage every possible transaction and cannot therefore be regarded as comprehensive. Likewise, as a reference tool, this publication illustrates disclosures for many common scenarios without removing disclosures based on materiality. We strongly encourage businesses to get rid of immaterial disclosures and tailor disclosures to their specific circumstances.

An entity complying with AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting* has a choice of preparing a condensed set of interim financial statements or a complete set of financial statements. This publication illustrates a condensed set of interim financial statements.

We have reviewed and updated these financial statements to reflect changes in Australian Accounting Standards that are effective for the year ending 31 December 2016. However, no account has been taken of any new developments published after 1 November 2016. The Grant Thornton website contains any updates that are relevant for 31 December 2016 financial statements, including our Technical Accounting Alerts on “What’s new for December 2016” and “Accounting standards issued but not yet effective for December 2016”.

We trust this publication will help you work through the upcoming December 2016 reporting season. We welcome your feedback on the format and content of this publication. Please contact us on nationalaudit.support@au.gt.com or get in touch with your usual Grant Thornton representative to let us know your thoughts.

Matt Adam-Smith
National Managing Partner – Service Lines
Grant Thornton Australia Limited
November 2016

Contents

	Page
Foreword	i
Directors' Report	1
Auditor's Independence Declaration	3
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	5
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	8
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	12
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	15
Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements	17
1 Nature of operations	17
2 General information and basis of preparation	17
3 Significant accounting policies	18
4 Estimates	18
5 Significant events and transactions	18
6 Business combination	19
7 Segment reporting	20
8 Seasonal fluctuations	21
9 Goodwill	22
10 Other intangible assets	22
11 Property, plant and equipment	23
12 Discontinued operations and non-current assets held for sale	24
13 Earnings per share	24
14 Share capital	24
15 Dividends	25
16 Other components of equity	25
17 Provisions	26
18 Contingent liabilities	26
19 Fair value measurement of financial instruments	27
20 Events after the reporting date	29
Directors' Declaration	31
Independent Auditor's Review Report	32

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Directors' Report

CA 302(a)

The Directors of Grant Thornton CLEARR Example Ltd ('Grant Thornton CLEARR') present their Report together with the financial statements of the Consolidated Entity, being Grant Thornton CLEARR ('the Company') and its Controlled Entities ('the Group') for the half-year ended 31 December 2016.

Director details

CA 306(1)(b)

The following persons were Directors of Grant Thornton CLEARR during or since the end of the financial half-year:

- Mr Blake Smith
- Ms Beth King
- Mr Simon Murphy
- Mrs Alison French
- Mr William Middleton (appointed 28 November 2016)

CA 306 (1)(a)

Review of operations and financial results

The operating result of the Group has increased to \$13.9m (2015: \$5.5m); this is mainly due to the cost control measures implemented during the period which have allowed increased revenue with a lower proportionate cost base.

Earnings per share have increased during the period to \$0.93 (2015: \$0.45) which has allowed a dividend to be declared.

Additional capital raising activities were undertaken during the period which raised \$20.3m and allowed the Group to fund the Sysmagic Limited ('Sysmagic') acquisition via a cash settlement as well as positioning the Group in a strong cash position for 2017 to allow for future acquisitions, if appropriate opportunities arise.

This acquisition that has occurred during the period is in line with the Group's strategy to increase online sales capacity.

Goodwill of \$2.5m arising on acquisition of Sysmagic (as described in Note 6) is primarily related to the substantial skill and expertise of Sysmagic's workforce and expected cost synergies.

Directors' Report

CA 306(1A) A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under s307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is included on page 3 of this financial report and forms part of this Directors' Report.

Rounding of amounts

ASIC Corporations
(Rounding in Financial/
Directors' Reports)
Instrument 2016/191

Grant Thornton CLEARR is a type of Company referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 and therefore the amounts contained in this report and in the financial report have been rounded to the nearest \$1,000, or in certain cases, to the nearest dollar.

CA 306(3)(a) Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

CA 306(3)(c) Blake Smith
Director

CA 306(3)(b) 28 February 2017

Auditor's Independence Declaration

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Auditor's Independence Declaration To the Directors of Grant Thornton CLEARR Example Ltd

In accordance with the requirements of section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, as lead auditor for the review of Grant Thornton CLEARR Example Ltd for the half-year ended 31 December 2016, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the review; and
- b No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the review.

GRANT THORNTON AUDIT PTY LTD
Chartered Accountants

AB Partner
Director – Audit & Assurance

Sydney, 28 February 2017

Grant Thornton Audit Pty Ltd ACN 130 913 594
a subsidiary or related entity of Grant Thornton Australia Ltd ABN 41 127 556 389

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Guidance Note: Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

In accordance with AASB 101, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income may be presented in one of the following ways:

- in a single statement: statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income; or
- in two statements: a statement of profit or loss and a statement of comprehensive income

The **Example Financial Statements** illustrate a statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income (ie a single statement). A two (2) statement presentation is shown in the Appendices of the **Listed Public Example Financial Statements** for the financial year ending 31 December 2016.

AASB 101.82(a)-(ea) provides a list of the minimum items to be presented on the face of the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Where relevant, references to AASB 101 and other AASB requirements are included on the left hand side of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. There may be situations where additional line items, headings and subtotals need to be included. AASB 101.85 requires an entity to present such additional items on the face of the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income when such presentation is relevant to an understanding of the entity's financial performance.

AASB 101 allows an entity to use either the 'nature of expense' or the 'function of expense' format, whichever is reliable and more relevant (AASB 101.99). This publication provides an example of the 'nature of expense' format.

AASB 134.11 requires the presentation of both basic and diluted earnings per share on the face of the statement that presents the components of profit or loss. Where an entity presents a statement of profit or loss and statement of comprehensive income, the basic and diluted earnings per share figures should be presented on the face of the statement of profit or loss (AASB 134.11A).

AASB 134 does not specifically require earnings per share figures separately for continuing, discontinued and total operations. AASB 133 *Earnings per Share* requires the annual financial statements to show, on the face of the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the basic and diluted earnings per share for continuing operations and the total from continuing and discontinued operations (AASB 133.66). The figure for discontinued operations is required to be shown, in the annual financial statements, either on the face of the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income or in the notes to those financial statements (AASB 133.68). Where an entity presents items of profit or loss in a separate statement, it presents basic and diluted earnings per share for the discontinued operations in that separate statement or in the notes (AASB 133.86A).

AASB 134 does not specify which figures should be reported. However in our opinion it should be the earnings per share figures for total operations (as a minimum). Where the Directors decide to show earnings per share from continuing or discontinued operations on the face of the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, in our opinion the earnings per share figures for total operations should also be shown on the face of the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

AASB 101.82A requires an entity to present line items for amounts of other comprehensive income in the period, classified by nature (including share of the other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method).

AASB 101 also requires items of Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) to be grouped into what will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss and those that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met (AASB 101.82A).

According to AASB 101.90, an entity discloses the amount of income tax relating to each component of other comprehensive income, either on the face of the statement of comprehensive income or in the notes. If an entity chooses the second alternative, it shall allocate the tax between the items that might be reclassified subsequently to the profit or loss section and those that will not be reclassified subsequently to the profit or loss section (AASB 101.91).

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the half-year ended 31 December 2016

	Notes	31 December 2016 \$'000	31 December 2015 \$'000
AASB 101.51(c) AASB 101.51(d-e) AASB 101.82(a) AASB 101.85 AASB 101.85 AASB 101.85 AASB 101.85 AASB 101.85 AASB 101.85 AASB 101.85			
Revenue	8	116,846	89,063
Other income		202	185
Changes in inventories		(5,066)	(3,148)
Costs of material		(23,403)	(18,638)
Employee benefits expense		(61,532)	(51,076)
Change in fair value of investment property		55	125
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of non-financial assets		(3,906)	(3,158)
Other expenses		(4,879)	(5,848)
		18,317	7,505
AASB 101.82(c) AASB 101.82(b) AASB 101.85 AASB 101.85			
Share of profit from equity accounted investments		45	29
Finance costs		(1,547)	(1,585)
Finance income		1,050	465
Other financial items		1,878	1,583
Profit before tax		19,743	7,997
AASB 101.82(d)			
Tax expense		(5,945)	(2,458)
Profit for the period from continuing operations		13,798	5,539
AASB 101.82(ea) AASB 101. 81A(a) AASB 101.82(g) AASB 101.82A(a)			
Profit/(loss) from the period from discontinued operations	12	96	8
Profit for the period		13,894	5,547
Other comprehensive income:			
<i>Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i>			
Re-measurement of net defined benefit liability		(1,771)	1,915
Income tax on items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	16	531	(575)
AASB 101.82A(b)			
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i>			
Cash flow hedging:			
• current year gains / (losses)		215	287
• reclassification to profit or loss		157	178
Available-for-sale financial assets:			
• current year gains / (losses)		35	(22)
• reclassification to profit or loss		24	(32)
AASB 121.52(b) AASB 101.90			
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations		(575)	(414)
Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	16	173	125
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	16	(1,211)	1,462
AASB 101.82(i)			
Total comprehensive income for the period		12,683	7,009

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (continued)

For the half-year ended 31 December 2016

AASB 101.51(c)
AASB 101.51(d-e)

	Notes	31 December 2016 \$'000	31 December 2015 \$'000
Profit for the period attributable to:			
• non-controlling interest		67	57
• owners of the parent		13,827	5,490
		13,894	5,547
Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to:			
• non-controlling interest		67	57
• owners of the parent		12,616	6,952
		12,683	7,009

AASB 101.83(b)(i)
AASB 101.83(a)(ii)

AASB 134.11, 11A
AASB 133.67A
AASB 133.66
AASB 133.68A
AASB 133.66
AASB 133.67A
AASB 133.66
AASB 133.68A
AASB 133.66

	Notes	31 December 2016 \$	31 December 2015 \$
Earnings per share	13		
Basic earnings per share			
Earnings from continuing operations		0.92	0.45
Earnings from discontinued operations		0.01	-
Total		0.93	0.45
Diluted earnings per share			
Earnings from continuing operations		0.92	0.45
Earnings from discontinued operations		0.01	-
Total		0.93	0.45

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Guidance Note: Statement of Financial Position

As set out in paragraph 8, AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting* requires that condensed interim financial statements contain as a minimum:

- a condensed statement of financial position
- a condensed statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, presented either as a condensed single statement or a condensed separate statement of profit or loss and a condensed statement of comprehensive income
- a condensed statement of changes in equity
- a condensed statement of cash flows; and
- selected explanatory notes

According to AASB 134.20, the interim financial statements (condensed or complete) shall include:

- a statement of financial position as at the end of the current interim period and a comparative statement of financial position as at the end of the immediately preceding financial year
- either:
 - two (2) separate statements, being a statement of profit or loss and statement of comprehensive income for the current interim period and cumulatively for the current financial year to date, with comparatives for the comparable interim period (ie comparable interim period and financial year to date); or
 - a single statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the current interim period, and cumulatively for the current financial year to date, with comparatives for the comparable interim period (ie comparable interim period and financial year to date)
- a statement of changes in equity showing changes in equity cumulatively for the current financial year to date, with a comparative statement for the comparable year-to-date period of the immediately preceding financial year; and
- a statement of cash flows for the current financial year to date, with a comparative statement for the comparable year-to-date period of the immediately preceding financial year

AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements* requires an additional statement of financial position at the start of the comparative period in certain circumstances (AASB 101.39). AASB 134 does not require, and therefore these **Example Interim Financial Statements** do not include, a statement of financial position.

Presentation of the interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income either as a single statement or two (2) separate statements should follow the presentation in the annual financial statements (AASB 134.8A). The Group presents a single consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in its annual financial statements. In addition, the Group's consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income illustrates an example of the 'nature of expense format'. Accordingly, these **Example Financial Statements** follow the same approach. The alternative methods of presenting two (2) separate statements being a statement of profit or loss and a statement of comprehensive income, presenting a statement of profit or loss illustrating the 'function of expense format' are included as appendices to the **Example Listed Public Financial Statements** for the financial year ending 31 December 2016.

AASB 134.10 requires the interim statement to include, as a minimum, each of the headings and subtotals that were included in the most recent annual financial statements.

AASB 101.54 provides a list of the minimum items to be presented on the face of the statement of financial position. Where relevant, references to AASB 101 and Australian Accounting Standards are included on the left hand side of the consolidated statement of financial position. There may be situations where additional line items, headings and subtotals may also need to be included. AASB 101.55 requires an entity to present additional items on the face of the statement of financial position when such presentation is relevant to an understanding of the entity's financial position.

As at 31 December 2016

	Notes	31 December 2016 \$'000	30 June 2016 \$'000
AASB 101.51(c)			
AASB 101.51(d-e)			
AASB 101.66			
AASB 101.54(i)		42,539	34,789
AASB 101.54(h)		28,746	33,629
AASB 101.54(g)		32,586	18,548
AASB 101.55		598	582
AASB 101.54(d)		689	655
		105,158	88,203
AASB 101.54(j)	12	-	103
AASB 101.60		105,158	88,306
AASB 101.66			
AASB 101.57	9	7,397	5,041
AASB 101.54(c)	10	25,950	17,424
AASB 101.54(a)	11	26,281	22,439
AASB 101.54(e), AASB 128.38		475	430
AASB 101.54(b)		12,732	12,662
AASB 101.54(d)		3,802	3,765
AASB 101.60		76,637	61,761
AASB 101.55		181,795	150,067

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

As at 31 December 2016

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

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Guidance Note: Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

AASB 134.10 requires the interim statement to include, as a minimum, each of the headings and subtotals that were included in the most recent annual financial statements.

AASB 101.106 provides a list of the required items to be presented on the face of the statement of changes in equity. Where relevant, references to AASB 101 and other Australian Accounting Standards requirements are included on the left hand side of the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

AASB 101.106 provides that entities have a choice to present the required reconciliations for each component of Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) either:

- a In the statement of changes in equity; or
- b In the notes to the financial statements (AASB 101.106(d)(ii) and AASB 101.106A).

These **Example Financial Statements** present the reconciliations for each component of other comprehensive income in the notes to the financial statements. This reduces duplicated disclosures and presents more clearly the overall changes in equity.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the half-year ended 31 December 2016

AASB 101.51(d-e)

AASB 101.106(d)

AASB 101.106(d)(iii)

AASB 101.106(d)(i)

AASB 101.106(d)(ii)

AASB 101.106(a)

AASB 101.106(d)

	Share capital \$'000	Share option reserve \$'000	Other components of equity \$'000	Retained earnings \$'000	Total attributable to owners of parent \$'000	Non-controlling interest \$'000	Total equity \$'000
Balance at 1 July 2016	33,415	764	621	48,401	83,201	713	83,914
Dividends	-	-	-	(6,855)	(6,855)	-	(6,855)
Issue of share capital under share-based employment scheme	2,100	-	-	-	2,100	-	2,100
Employee share-based payment options	-	267	-	-	267	-	267
Issue of share capital	20,350	-	-	-	20,350	-	20,350
Transactions with owners	22,450	267	-	(6,855)	15,862	-	15,862
Profit for the period	-	-	-	13,827	13,827	67	13,894
Other comprehensive income	-	-	29	-	29	-	29
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	29	13,827	13,856	67	13,923
Balance at 31 December 2016	55,865	1,031	650	55,373	112,919	780	113,699

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (continued)

For the half-year ended 31 December 2015

AASB 101.51(d-e)

AASB 101.106(d)

AASB 101.106(d)(iii)

AASB 101.106(d)(i)

AASB 101.106(d)(ii)

AASB 101.106(d)

AASB 101.106(d)

	Share capital \$'000	Share option reserve \$'000	Other components of equity \$'000	Retained earnings \$'000	Total attributable to owners of parent \$'000	Non-controlling interest \$'000	Total equity \$'000
Balance at 1 July 2015	15,050	466	(1,146)	35,445	49,815	592	50,407
Dividends	-	-	-	(3,000)	(3,000)	-	(3,000)
Issue of share capital under share-based employment scheme	1,685	-	-	-	1,685	-	1,685
Employee share-based payment options	-	165	-	-	165	-	165
Transactions with owners	1,685	165	-	(3,000)	(1,150)	-	(1,150)
Profit for the period	-	-	-	5,490	5,490	57	5,547
Other comprehensive income	-	-	2,803	-	2,803	-	2,803
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	2,803	5,490	8,293	57	8,350
Balance at 31 December 2015	16,735	631	1,657	37,935	56,958	649	57,607

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Guidance Note: Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

AASB 134.10 requires the interim statement to include, as a minimum, each of the headings and subtotals that were included in the most recent annual financial statements. Consistent with the Group's annual financial statements, the interim consolidated statement of cash flows is prepared using the direct method in accordance with AASB 107.18(a).

The statement of cash flows can also be prepared using the indirect method (AASB 107.18(b)). This alternative method is included in the appendices to **Example Listed Public Financial Statements** for the financial year ending 31 December 2015.

Where relevant, references to AASB 107 and other Australian Accounting Standards are included on the left hand side of the consolidated statement of cash flows.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the half-year ended 31 December 2016

	Notes	31 December 2016 \$'000	31 December 2015 \$'000
AASB 101.51(c) AASB 101.51(d-e) AASB 107.10			
Operating activities			
		121,729	84,365
		(101,002)	(63,424)
AASB 107.35		(5,602)	(577)
		15,125	20,364
AASB 5.33(c)		-	18
		15,125	20,382
AASB 107.10			
Investing activities			
	11	(47)	(26)
		128	11
	10	(2,470)	(2,805)
AASB 107.39	6	(18,480)	(15,714)
		199	-
		105	135
AASB 107.31		465	352
AASB 107.31		48	40
		(20,052)	(18,007)
AASB 107.10			
Financing activities			
		-	1,441
		(2,543)	(3,478)
		22,450	1,685
AASB 107.31		(473)	(400)
AASB 107.31	15	(6,855)	(3,000)
		12,579	(3,752)
AASB 107.45		7,652	(1,377)
		34,789	11,259
AASB 107.28		98	(25)
AASB 107.45		42,539	9,857

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Guidance Note: Notes to the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Where an entity's interim financial report is in compliance with AASB 134 that fact shall be disclosed (AASB 134.19). Where a condensed set of financial statements is prepared, the basis of preparation will need to refer to the fact that these interim financial statements are 'condensed'. An interim financial report shall not be described as complying with Australian Accounting Standards unless it complies with all of the requirements of Australian Accounting Standards.

Interim financial reports are prepared assuming that the users of such reports have access to the most recent annual financial report of the entity. Consequently, disclosures in the interim financial report need not duplicate previously reported information (AASB 134.6). The information to be disclosed in the notes to the condensed interim financial statements is set out in AASB 134.16A.

In addition, AASB 134.15 requires disclosure of events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the financial position and performance of an entity since the end of the last annual reporting period. The guidance clarifies this requirement and adds some examples of events and transactions which may require disclosure, if significant (AASB 134.15B).

This example interim report presents selected explanatory notes that are intended to assist users in understanding the results of operations of the Group for the current interim period. As with any example, it does not envisage every possible transaction and cannot therefore be regarded as comprehensive. Also, depending on the circumstances, certain of these disclosures might be regarded either as voluntary or as necessary to meet the general requirements of AASB 134.

The disclosures in the example notes to the interim financial statements follow the format of the disclosures in the Group's annual financial statements in so far as these disclosures are required by AASB 134. Where relevant, references to AASB 134 and other Australian Accounting Standards are included on the left hand side of the disclosures.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

1 Nature of operations

AASB 101.51 (a)
AASB 101.51 (b)

Grant Thornton CLEARR Example Ltd and Subsidiaries' ('the Group') principal activities include the development, consulting, sale and service of customised IT and telecommunication systems.

AASB 101.138 (b)

The Group provides phone and intranet based in-house applications including the integration of mobile end devices into new and existing IT and telecommunication structures. By integrating these activities the Group acts as a one-stop-shop for modern day communication requirements of small to medium sized companies. Services include consulting activities that concentrate on the design of combined IT and telecommunication systems for clients. The Group also delivers IT and telecommunication solutions specifically designed for the customer through modification of complex equipment. The Group sells the hardware and software products of the Group's business partners and delivers extensive after-sale service and maintenance for these products. Refer to Note 7 for further information about the Group's operating segments.

2 General information and basis of preparation

AASB 134.3
AASB 134.19

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements ('the interim financial statements') of the Group are for the six (6) months ended 31 December 2016 and are presented in Australian Dollar (\$AUD), which is the functional currency of the Parent Company. These general purpose interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting*. They do not include all of the information required in annual financial statements in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2016 and any public announcements made by the Group during the half-year in accordance with continuous disclosure requirements arising under the Australian Securities Exchange Listing Rules and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

AASB 110.17

The interim financial statements have been approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 February 2017.

3 Significant accounting policies

AASB 134.16A(a)
AASB 108.28

The interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the same accounting policies² adopted in the Group's last annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016.

The accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the Group for the purposes of preparation of these interim financial statements.

4 Estimates

AASB 134.41
AASB 134.16A(d)

When preparing the interim financial statements, management undertakes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions about recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The actual results may differ from the judgements, estimates and assumptions made by management, and will seldom equal the estimated results.

AASB 134.28
AASB 134.B12

The judgements, estimates and assumptions applied in the interim financial statements, including the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those applied in the Group's last annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016. The only exception is the estimate of the provision for income taxes which is determined in the interim financial statements using the estimated average annual effective income tax rate applied to the pre-tax income of the interim period.

5 Significant events and transactions

AASB 134.15
AASB 134.15C

The Group's management believes that the Group is well positioned despite the continuing difficult economic circumstances. Factors contributing to the Group's strong position are:

- no significant decline in order intake experienced on larger projects; further, the Group has several long-term contracts with a number of its customers
- the Group does not expect to need additional borrowing facilities in the next twelve (12) months as a result of its significant financial resources, existing facilities and strong liquidity reserves. The Group has significant headroom to comply with its debt covenants
- the Group's major customers have not experienced financial difficulties. Credit quality of trade receivables as at 31 December 2016 is considered to be good

Overall, the Group is in a strong position despite the current economic environment, and has sufficient capital and liquidity to service its operating activities and debt. The Group's objectives and policies for managing capital, credit risk and liquidity risk are described in its recent annual financial statements.

² AASB 134.28 requires the use of the discrete period approach. This requires that items of income and expenses should be recognised and measured on a basis consistent with that used in preparing the annual financial statements, and that no adjustments should be made for events expected to occur subsequent to the end of the interim period. AASB 134.28 notes that the frequency of an entity's reporting should not affect its annual results. There are however some situations where annual reporting can be altered. One example is impairment of goodwill. Interpretation 10 *Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment* notes that an entity shall not reverse an impairment loss recognised in a previous interim period even if the impairment loss would not have been recognised had the impairment assessment been made only at the end of the annual reporting period (Interpretation 10.8). The discrete period approach is also problematic in the context of income taxes, which are generally measured based on the taxable profit of an annual period. Accordingly, AASB 134 requires that interim period income tax is accrued using the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings. The estimated average annual effective income tax rate is applied to the pre-tax income of the interim period (AASB 134.B12).

6 Business combination

AASB 134.16A(i)
AASB 3.B64(a)-(d)

On 5 October 2016, the Group acquired 100% of the issued share capital and voting rights of Sysmagic Limited ("Sysmagic"), a Company based in the United Kingdom that operates within the service segment. The objective of the acquisition is to further increase the Group's market share in providing customised IT and telecommunication systems services.

Details of the business combination are as follows:

		\$'000
AASB 3.B64(f)	Fair value of consideration transferred	
AASB3.B64(f)(i)	Amount settled in cash	18,500
AASB 107.40(a), AASB 3.B64(i)	Recognised amounts of identifiable net assets	
AASB 107.40(d)	Property, plant and equipment	5,818
	Intangible assets	8,585
	Total non-current assets	14,403
	Inventories	7,500
	Trade and other receivables	4,449
AASB 107.40(c)	Cash and cash equivalents	324
	Total current assets	12,273
	Borrowings	(2,543)
	Deferred tax liabilities	(1,335)
	Total non-current liabilities	(3,878)
	Provisions	(780)
	Other liabilities	(1,855)
	Trade and other payables	(4,165)
	Total current liabilities	(6,800)
	Identifiable net assets	15,998
	Goodwill on acquisition	2,502
AASB 107.40(b)	Consideration transferred settled in cash	18,500
AASB 107.40(c)	Cash and cash equivalents acquired	(324)
AASB 107.42	Net cash outflow on acquisition	18,176
	Acquisition costs charged to expenses	304
	Net cash paid relating to the acquisition	18,480

6.1 Consideration transferred

AASB 3.B64(m)

Acquisition-related costs amounting to \$304,000 are not included as part of consideration transferred and have been recognised as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, as part of other expenses.

6.2 Identifiable net assets

AASB 3.B67(a)

The fair values of the identifiable intangible assets have been determined provisionally at 31 December 2016, because the acquisition was completed late in the period. The Group is currently obtaining the information necessary to finalise its valuation.

AASB 3.B64(h)(ii)

The fair value of the trade and other receivables acquired as part of the business combination amounted to \$4,449,000, with a gross contractual amount of \$4,569,000. As of the acquisition date, the Group's best estimate of the contractual cash flow not expected to be collected amounted to \$120,000.

6.3 Goodwill

AASB 3.B64(e)
AASB 136.133
AASB 3.B64(k)

The goodwill that arose on the combination can be attributed to the synergies expected to be derived from the combination and the value of the workforce of Sysmagic which cannot be recognised as an intangible asset. Goodwill has been allocated to cash-generating units at 31 December 2016 and is attributable to the service segment. The goodwill that arose from this business combination is not expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

6.4 Sysmagic's contribution to the Group's results

AASB 3.B64 (q)(i-ii)

Sysmagic contributed \$12,232,000 and \$1,954,000 to the Group's revenues and profits, respectively from the date of the acquisition to 31 December 2016. Had the acquisition occurred on 1 July 2016, the Group's revenue for the period to 31 December 2016 would have been \$128,386,000 and the Group's profit for the period would have been \$15,726,000.

7 Segment reporting

AASB 134.16A(g)

Management identifies its operating segments based on the Group's service lines, which represent the main products and services provided by the Group. The Group's three (3) main operating segments are:

- **consulting**: engaged in the sale, customisation and integration of IT and telecommunication systems
- **service**: involved in the maintenance of telecommunication systems
- **retail segment**: engaged in the sale of hardware and software products through the internet

Each of these operating segments is managed separately as each service line requires different technologies and other resources, as well as marketing approaches. These operating segments are monitored and strategic decisions are made on the basis of adjusted segment operating results.

In addition, two (2) minor operating segments, for which the quantitative thresholds for separate disclosures have not been met, are currently combined below under 'other'. The main sources of revenue for these operating segments are sale and disposal of used IT equipment.

AASB 134.16A(g)(v)

During the six (6) month period to 31 December 2016, there have been no changes from prior periods in the measurement methods used to determine operating segments and reported segment profit or loss.

AASB 134.16A(g)(i-iv)

The revenues and profit generated by each of the Group's operating segments and segment assets are summarised as follows:

Six (6) months to 31 December 2016	Consulting 2016 \$'000	Service 2016 \$'000	Retail 2016 \$'000	Other 2016 \$'000	Total 2016 \$'000
Revenue					
From external customers	56,216	21,435	36,576	2,069	116,296
Discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-
From other segments	346	-	-	-	346
Segment revenues	56,562	21,435	36,576	2,069	116,642
Segment operating profit	16,977	2,827	2,175	112	22,091
Segment assets	73,817	28,146	48,028	3,037	153,028

AASB 8.23(a)

AASB 8.23(b)

AASB 8.23

AASB 8.23

Six (6) months to 31 December 2015	Consulting 2015 \$'000	Service 2015 \$'000	Retail 2015 \$'000	Other 2015 \$'000	Total 2015 \$'000
Revenue					
From external customers	47,843	7,832	31,129	1,761	88,565
Discontinued operations	-	-	7,832	-	7,832
From other segments	145	-	-	-	145
Segment revenues	47,988	7,832	38,481	1,761	96,062
Segment operating profit	10,171	(281)	1,333	(24)	11,199
Segment assets	60,192	9,854	39,164	2,216	111,426

AASB 8.23(a)

AASB 8.23(b)

AASB 134.16A(g)

The Group's segment operating profit reconciles to the Group's profit before tax as presented in its financial statements as follows:

	Six (6) months to 31 December 2016 \$'000	Six (6) months to 31 December 2015 \$'000
Profit or loss		
Total reporting segment operating profit	21,979	11,223
Other segment profit	112	(24)
Rental income from investment property	550	498
Change in fair value of investment property	55	125
Share-based payment expenses	(267)	(165)
Post-employment benefit expenses	(3,150)	(2,850)
Research and development costs	(986)	(1,250)
Other income not allocated	202	185
Other expenses not allocated	(97)	(165)
Operating profit of discontinued operations	-	(54)
Elimination of intersegment profits	(81)	(18)
Group operating profit	18,317	7,505
Share of profit from equity accounted investments	45	29
Finance costs	(1,547)	(1,585)
Finance income	1,050	465
Other financial items	1,878	1,583
Group profit before tax	19,743	7,997

AASB 8.28(b)

8 Seasonal fluctuations

AASB 134.16A(b)

The demand for maintenance and installation of IT and telecommunication systems and equipment (part of the consulting and service segments) is subject to seasonal fluctuations. Historically, peak demand is in the second half of each year. Revenues for maintenance and installation for the six (6) months ended 31 December 2016 represented 66% (6 months ended 31 December 2015: 43%) of the annual level of these revenues for the year ended 31 December 2016.

The percentage of the six (6) months revenues in 2016 is higher than 2015 due to the effect of the full six (6) months revenue contribution in 2016 of the subsidiary acquired by the Group in March 2016 and the additional three (3) months revenues contributed by a new subsidiary acquired in 2016 (see Note 6). Excluding these items, the revenues for the six (6) months ended 31 December 2016 represent approximately 45% of the annual level of maintenance and installation revenues for the year ended 31 December 2016.

9 Goodwill

The following table shows the movements in goodwill²:

	Six (6) months to 31 December 2016 \$'000	Year to 30 June 2016 \$'000
AASB 3.B67(d)		
	Gross carrying amount	
AASB 3.B67(d)(i)	Balance, beginning of period	6,030
AASB 3.B67(d)(ii)	Acquired through business combination	2,502
AASB 3.B67(d)(vi)	Net exchange difference	(146)
AASB 3.B67(d)(viii)	Balance, end of the period	8,386
	Accumulated impairment	
AASB 3.B67(d)(i)	Balance, beginning of the period	(989)
AASB 3.B67(d)(v)	Impairment loss recognised	-
AASB 3.B67(d)(vi)	Net exchange difference	-
AASB 3.B67(d)(viii)	Balance, end of the period	(989)
	Carrying amount at the end of the period	7,397
		5,041

10 Other intangible assets

The following tables show the movements in intangible assets³:

	Acquired software licenses \$'000	Internally generated software \$'000	Brand names \$'000	Customer lists \$'000	Total \$'000
AASB 138.118					
	Gross carrying amount				
	Balance at 1 July 2016	16,469	18,046	975	1,761
AASB 138.118(e)(i)	Addition, separately acquired	320	-	-	320
	Addition, internally developed	-	2,150	-	2,150
	Acquisition through business combination	5,850	-	1,250	1,485
AASB 138.118(e)(vii)	Net exchange differences	(75)	(65)	-	(140)
	Balance at 31 December 2016	22,564	20,131	2,225	3,246
	Amortisation and impairment				
	Balance at 1 July 2015	(7,739)	(11,602)	(287)	(199)
AASB 138.118(e)(vi)	Amortisation	(1,283)	(764)	(115)	(129)
AASB 138.118(e)(iv)	Impairment losses	-	-	-	-
AASB 138.118(e)(vii)	Net exchange differences	(52)	(46)	-	(98)
	Balance at 31 December 2016	(9,074)	(12,412)	(402)	(328)
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2016	13,490	7,719	1,823	2,918
AASB 138.118					
	Gross carrying amount				
	Balance at 1 July 2015	13,608	14,794	760	374
AASB 138.118(e)(i)	Addition, separately acquired	440	-	-	440
	Addition, internally developed	-	3,306	-	3,306
	Acquisition through business combination	3,653	-	215	1,387
AASB 138.118(e)(ii)	Disposals	(1,159)	-	-	(1,159)
AASB 138.118(e)(vii)	Net exchange differences	(73)	(54)	-	(127)
	Balance at 31 December 2015	16,469	18,046	975	1,761
					37,251

² In addition to the requirement of AASB 134.16A(c) to disclose the nature and amount of items affecting assets that are unusual because of their nature, size or incidence, this disclosure is also part of the required disclosure under AASB 3 *Business Combinations* for the business combination that occurred in the current interim period.

³ In this publication, this information is considered a necessary disclosure because of the significant additions and the impact of the business combination. Depending on the circumstances, this type of disclosure might be regarded either as voluntary or as necessary to meet the requirements of AASB 134.15C and AASB 134.16A(c). Other examples of events and transactions where AASB 134 requires disclosures are included in AASB 134.15B.

	Acquired software licenses \$'000	Internally generated software \$'000	Brand names \$'000	Customer lists \$'000	Total \$'000
Amortisation and impairment					
Balance at 1 July 2015	(6,063)	(9,381)	(162)	(89)	(15,695)
Amortisation	(1,978)	(1,315)	(125)	(110)	(3,528)
Impairment losses	-	(870)	-	-	(870)
Disposals	350	-	-	-	350
Net exchange differences	(48)	(36)	-	-	(84)
Balance at 31 December 2015	(7,739)	(11,602)	(287)	(199)	(19,827)
Carrying amount at 31 December 2015	8,730	6,444	688	1,562	17,424

11 Property, plant and equipment

The following tables show the movements in property, plant and equipment⁴:

	Land \$'000	Buildings \$'000	IT equipment \$'000	Other equipment \$'000	Total \$'000
Gross carrying amount					
Balance at 1 July 2016	8,709	20,177	7,806	2,905	39,597
Additions	-	-	35	12	47
Acquisition through business combination	-	2,435	2,527	856	5,818
Disposals	-	-	-	(456)	(456)
Net exchange differences	(15)	(65)	(62)	(46)	(188)
Balance at 31 December 2016	8,694	22,547	10,306	3,271	44,818
Depreciation and impairment					
Balance at 1 July 2016	-	(13,213)	(2,446)	(1,499)	(17,158)
Disposals	-	-	-	385	385
Net exchange differences	-	(46)	(55)	(48)	(149)
Depreciation	-	(710)	(602)	(303)	(1,615)
Balance at 31 December 2016	-	(13,969)	(3,103)	(1,465)	(18,537)
Carrying amount at 31 December 2016	8,694	8,578	7,203	1,806	26,281
Gross carrying amount					
Balance at 1 July 2015	7,697	19,362	5,579	2,594	35,232
Additions	-	76	-	-	76
Acquisition through business combination	730	1,221	2,306	365	4,622
Disposals	-	(401)	-	-	(401)
Revaluation increase	303	-	-	-	303
Net exchange differences	(21)	(81)	(79)	(54)	(235)
Balance at 31 December 2015	8,709	20,177	7,806	2,905	39,597
Depreciation and impairment					
Balance at 1 July 2015	-	(12,159)	(1,503)	(923)	(14,585)
Disposals	-	315	-	-	315
Net exchange differences	-	(54)	(53)	(36)	(143)
Depreciation	-	(1,315)	(890)	(540)	(2,745)
Balance at 31 December 2015	-	(13,213)	(2,446)	(1,499)	(17,158)
Carrying amount at 31 December 2015	8,709	6,964	5,360	1,406	22,439

⁴ In this publication, this information is considered a necessary disclosure because of the significant additions and the impact of the business combination. Depending on the circumstances, this type of disclosure might be regarded either as voluntary or as necessary to meet the requirements of AASB 134.15C and AASB 134.16A(c). Other examples of events and transactions where AASB 134 requires disclosures are included in AASB 134.15B.

12 Discontinued operations and non-current assets held for sale

AASB 134.16A(i)

The amounts presented in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income under discontinued operations relate to Highstreet Ltd ('Highstreet'). Most of its assets were sold on 31 March 2016. The remaining storage facility was sold in August 2016 and a gain of \$96,000 is presented as discontinued operations for the period ended 31 December 2016.

13 Earnings per share

AASB 134.16A(c)

Both the basic and diluted earnings per share have been calculated using the profit attributable to shareholders of the Parent Company (Grant Thornton CLEARR) as the numerator, ie no adjustments to profits were necessary during the six (6) months period to 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015⁵.

The weighted average number of shares for the purposes of the calculation of diluted earnings per share can be reconciled to the weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share as follows:

AASB 133.70(b)

	Six (6) months to 31 December 2016 \$'000s	Six (6) months to 31 December 2015 \$'000s
Weighted average number of shares used in basic earnings per share	14,970	12,270
Shares deemed to be issued for no consideration in respect of share-based payments	14	16
Weighted average number of shares used in diluted earnings per share	14,984	12,286

14 Share capital

During the first six (6) months of 2016, 350,000 shares were issued to satisfy share options previously granted under the Group's employee share option scheme. During this period, the weighted average share price at the date of exercise was \$11.97 (during the first six months of 2015: \$11.19).

The Group also issued 1,700,000 shares on 1 October 2016 for cash, corresponding to 13.9% of total shares issued. Each share has the same right to receive dividends and the repayment of capital and represents one vote at the shareholders' meeting of Grant Thornton CLEARR. Shares issued and authorised are summarised as follows:

AASB 101.79(a)(iv)

AASB 101.79(a)(ii)

AASB 101.79(a)(i)

	Six (6) months to 31 December 2016 \$'000s	Year to 30 June 2016 \$'000s
Amounts in thousand shares		
Shares issued and fully paid:		
• beginning of the period	13,770	12,000
• issued under share-based payment plans	350	270
• share issue	1,700	1,500
Shares issued and fully paid	15,820	13,770
Shares authorised for share based payments	600	600
Total shares authorised at the end of the period	16,420	14,370

⁵ In this publication, this information is considered a necessary disclosure because of the significant additions and the impact of the business combination. Depending on the circumstances, this type of disclosure might be regarded either as voluntary or as necessary to meet the requirements of AASB 134.15C and AASB 134.16A(c). Other examples of events and transactions where AASB 134 requires disclosures are included in AASB 134.15B.

15 Dividends

During the second half of 2016, Grant Thornton CLEARR paid dividends of \$6,855,000 to its equity shareholders (second half of 2015: \$3,000,000). This represents a payment of \$0.50 per share (second half of 2015: \$0.25). No dividends were paid on new shares issued in 2016 pursuant to the Group's share-based payment scheme.

16 Other components of equity

The following tables show the movements in other components of equity⁶:

		Translation reserve \$'000	Revaluation reserve \$'000	Available-for-sale financial assets \$'000	Cash-flow hedges \$'000	Defined benefit plans actuarial adjustments ⁷ \$'000	Total \$'000
AASB 101.51(d-e)							
AASB 101.106(d)	Balance at 1 July 2016	(847)	901	98	469	1,330	1,951
AASB 119.120(c)	Re-measurement of net defined benefit liability	-	-	-	-	(1,771)	(1,771)
	Cash flow hedges:						
AASB 7.23(c-d)	• current period gains / (losses)	-	-	-	215	-	215
AASB 101.92	• reclassification to profit or loss	-	-	-	157	-	157
AASB 7.20(a)(ii)	Available-for-sale financial assets:					-	
	• current period gains / (losses)	-	-	35	-	-	35
AASB 101.92	• reclassification to profit or loss	-	-	24	-	-	24
AASB 121.81(a)	Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	(575)	-	-	-	-	(575)
AASB 112.81(a), AASB 101.90	Tax benefit	173	-	-	-	531	704
AASB 101.106(a)	Other comprehensive income for the period (all attributable to the parent)	(402)	-	59	372	(1,240)	(1,211)
AASB 101.106(d)	Balance at 31 December 2016	(1,249)	901	157	841	90	740

⁶ This type of disclosure is not specifically required by AASB 134. However, in this publication, this information is considered necessary due to the change in the presentation of the reconciliations of each item of comprehensive income. As discussed in Note 3, these reconciliations are now presented in the notes to the interim financial statements.

⁷ The revised version of AASB 119 *Employee Benefits* does not mandate where to present re-measurements in equity. Accordingly, while it is preferable to recognise re-measurements directly in retained earnings, we believe it is also acceptable to recognise such re-measurements in a separate component of equity as illustrated in this set of [Example Financial Statements](#).

	Translation reserve \$'000	Revaluation reserve \$'000	Available-for-sale financial assets \$'000	Cash-flow hedges \$'000	Defined benefit plans actuarial adjustments \$'000	Total \$'000
AASB 101.106(d)	Balance at 1 July 2015	(359)	689	35	(160)	(1,146)
AASB 119.120(c)	Re-measurement of net defined benefit liability	-	-	-	1,915	1,915
	Cash flow hedges:					
AASB 7.23(c-d)	• current period gains / (losses)	-	-	-	287	287
AASB 101.92	• reclassification to profit or loss	-	-	-	178	178
AASB 7.20(a)(ii)	Available-for-sale financial assets:					
	• current period gains / (losses)	-	-	(22)	-	(22)
AASB 101.92	• reclassification to profit or loss	-	-	(32)	-	(32)
AASB 121.81(a), AASB 101.90	Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	(414)	-	-	-	(414)
AASB 101.106(a)	Tax benefit	125	-	-	(575)	(450)
AASB 101.106(d)	Other comprehensive income for the period (all attributable to the Parent)	(289)	-	(54)	465	1,462
	Balance at 31 December 2015	(648)	689	(19)	305	316

17 Provisions

AASB 134.15B(c) A restructuring provision was recognised by the Group in its annual financial statements as at 30 June 2016 in relation to the 'Phoenix Program', amounting to \$1,215,000. The estimate of the restructuring provision was reduced by \$455,000 in the six (6) months ended 31 December 2016 due to a positive outcome of claims brought against the Group by former employees. The Group's management still expects to settle the remaining termination remuneration by 30 June 2017, predominantly through out of court settlements.

18 Contingent liabilities

AASB 134.15B(m) During the prior year, various warranty and legal claims were brought against the Group. At 31 December 2016, management considered these claims to be unjustified and no provision had been recognised. During the current period, the counterparties withdrew their claims against the Group.

19 Fair value measurement of financial instruments

19.1 Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13.76,81,86

AASB 13 requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- **Level 1:** quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- **Level 2:** inputs other than quoted prices included within **Level 1** that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (ie as prices) or indirectly (ie derived from prices)
- **Level 3:** inputs for the asset or liability that is not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

AASB 134.15B(h)
AASB 134.15C

The Group's financial assets and financial liabilities measured and recognised at fair value at 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015 on a recurring basis are as follows:

AASB 13.93(a)

	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
31 December 2016				
Assets				
Listed securities and debentures	598	-	-	598
Money market funds	689	-	-	689
US-Dollar contracts:				
• cash flow hedge	-	841	-	841
• other forward exchange contracts held-for-trading	-	94	21	115
Total	1,287	935	21	2,243
Liabilities				
US-Dollar loans	-	(7,950)	-	(7,950)
Total	-	(7,950)	-	(7,950)
Net fair value	1,287	(7,015)	21	(5,707)

AASB 13.93(a)

	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
31 December 2015				
Assets				
Listed securities and debentures	582	-	-	582
Money market funds	655	-	-	655
US-Dollar contracts:				
• cash flow hedge	-	469	-	469
• other forward exchange contracts held-for-trading	-	94	28	122
Total	1,237	563	28	1,828
Liabilities				
US-Dollar loans	-	(8,220)	-	(8,220)
Total	-	(8,220)	-	(7,950)
Net fair value	1,237	(7,657)	28	(6,392)

19.2 Measurement of fair value of financial instruments

AASB 13.93(d)

The methods and valuation techniques used for the purpose of measuring fair value are unchanged compared to the previous reporting period.

AASB 134.15B(h),(k)
AASB 134.15C
AASB 134.16A(j)
AASB 13.91(b)
AASB 13.93(e)(iv)

a Listed securities, debentures and money market funds

Fair values have been determined by reference to their quoted bid prices at the reporting date.

b Foreign currency forward contracts

The Group's foreign currency forward contracts are not traded in active markets. The fair values of most of these contracts are estimated using a valuation technique that maximises the use of observable market inputs, eg market exchange and interest rates and are included in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. However, a few of the Group's derivative positions in foreign currency forward contracts relate to currencies for which markets are less developed and observable market data are not available. For these contracts, management uses its best estimate about the assumptions that market participants would make. These contracts are therefore classified within Level 3.

AASB 13.95

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

c US-Dollar loans

The fair value of the US-Dollar loans is estimated using a valuation technique. All significant inputs into the model are based on observable market prices, eg market interest rates of similar loans with similar risk. The interest rate used for this calculation is 3.9%.

AASB 13.93(a),(b),(d)

The Group did not measure any financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value on a non-recurring basis as at 31 December 2016.

19.3 Level 3 fair value measurements

AASB 134.15B(k)
AASB 134.15C

The following table presents the changes in financial instruments classified within Level 3:

	Foreign currency forward contracts	
	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Opening balance	28	34
Gains or losses recognised in:		
• profit or loss (a)	23	18
• other comprehensive income	-	-
Settlements	(30)	(24)
Closing balance	21	28

- a Gains or losses recognised in profit or loss for the period are presented in 'finance income' and can be attributed as follows:

	2016 \$'000	2015 \$'000
Assets held at the end of the reporting period	21	28
Assets not held at the end of the reporting	2	(10)
Total gains or losses	23	18

AASB 13.93(h)(ii)

There have been no transfers between the levels of the fair value hierarchy during the six (6) months to 31 December 2016.

AASB 13.93(d)

Changing inputs to the Level 3 valuations to reasonably possible alternative assumptions would not change significantly amounts recognised in profit or loss, total assets or total liabilities or total equity.

AASB 13.93(g)

The valuation process is managed by a team in the Group's finance department which performs the valuations of non-property assets required for financial reporting purposes (including Level 3 fair values). The Valuation Team then report to the Group's Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and the Audit and Risk Committee. Discussions on valuation processes and outcomes are held between the Valuation Team, CFO and the Audit and Risk Committee every six (6) months.

AASB 134.16A(j)
AASB 7.25

19.4 Fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities

The Group also has number of financial instruments which are not measured at fair value in the statement of financial position. These had the following fair values as at 31 December 2016:

	Fair value \$'000	Carrying amount \$'000
Non-current borrowings		
Other bank borrowings	4,400	4,565
Non-convertible bond	2,200	2,253
Subordinated shareholder loan	4,975	5,000
	11,575	11,818
Non-current trade and other payables		
Finance lease liabilities	4,208	4,096
	4,208	4,096

AASB 7.29(a)

The carrying amounts of the current receivables, current payables and current borrowings are considered to be a reasonable approximation of their fair value.

20 Events after the reporting date⁹

AASB 134.16A(h)
AASB 3.B66
AASB 3.B64(a-d)

On 29 January 2017, the Group acquired 100% of the issued share capital of Servers.com Limited ('Servers.com'), a Company based in Australia. The objective of the acquisition is to expand the operations of the Group's retail segment.

AASB 3B64(f)(i, iii, iv)
AASB 3.B66
AASB 3.B64(g)(ii)

The acquisition was settled in cash and by issuing 500,000 shares of Grant Thornton CLEARR. The purchase agreement also provides for an additional consideration of \$1,500,000 payable if the average profits of Servers.com for 2017 and 2018 exceed a target level agreed by both parties. Any additional consideration will be paid on 30 July 2019.

AASB 3.B64(f)

The fair value of the consideration transferred is as follows:

	\$'000
Fair value of equity shares issued	6,250
Amount settled in cash	7,000
Fair value of contingent consideration	680
Total	13,930

AASB 3.B64(iv)
AASB 3.B64(i)
AASB 3.B64(g)(i)

⁹ AASB 134.16A(h) requires disclosure of events after the interim period that have not been reflected in the interim financial statements. AASB 134 does not specify the level of detail required. This example illustrates the disclosures required by AASB 3 *Business Combinations* for combinations arising after the reporting date. Other approaches may also be acceptable.

AASB 3.B64(f)(iv)	The fair value of the equity shares issued was based on the market value of the Group's traded equity shares at the date of acquisition.
AASB 3.B64(g)(iii)	The fair value of the contingent consideration represents the Group's estimate of the probable cash outflows (ie reflecting management's estimate of a 50% probability that the targets will be achieved) discounted using an interest rate of 5%. ¹⁰
AASB 3.B66	The Group is in the process of determining the fair values of the acquired assets and assumed liabilities of Servers.com and therefore disclosure of the fair values of the net identifiable assets and the goodwill arising from the acquisition cannot be made. Finalisation of the valuation is expected to be completed before year-end.

¹⁰ The determination of the acquisition-date fair value of the contingent consideration should consider the expected outcome of the contingency. This example illustrates one possible approach to estimating the fair value of the contingent consideration.

Directors' Declaration

1 In the opinion of the Directors of Grant Thornton CLEARR Example Ltd:

a The consolidated financial statements and notes of Grant Thornton CLEARR Example Ltd are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

CA 303(4)(d)(ii) i Giving a true and fair view of its financial position as at 31 December 2016 and of its performance for the half-year ended on that date; and

CA 303(4)(d)(i) ii Complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting*; and

CA 303(4)(c) b There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

CA 303(5)(a) Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

CA 303(5)(c) Director
Blake Smith

CA 303(5)(b) Dated the 28th day of February 2017

Independent Auditor's Review Report

An independent auditor's report will be prepared by the entity's auditor in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. This publication does not include an illustrative report as the wording of the report may differ between entities.



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